

Inflation

Lecture 7

Robb T. Koether

Hampden-Sydney College

Mon, Jan 29, 2018

- 1 Inflation
- 2 Increase in Prices
- 3 Decrease in Purchasing Power
- 4 Assignment

Outline

- 1 Inflation
- 2 Increase in Prices
- 3 Decrease in Purchasing Power
- 4 Assignment

Definitions

Definition (Inflation Rate)

The **inflation rate** is the annual rate at which prices increase. Equivalently, it is the rate at which money loses its purchasing power.

- DJIA history: Click [here](#).
- Inflation history: Click [here](#).

Definitions

Definition (Inflation Rate)

The **inflation rate** is the annual rate at which prices increase. Equivalently, it is the rate at which money loses its purchasing power.

- DJIA history: Click [here](#).
- Inflation history: Click [here](#).
- The inflation rate in Venezuela last year was 2600%.

Example



Prices and Purchasing Power

- If a loaf of bread costs \$2.00 today and it costs \$2.10 next year, then the **inflation rate** is 5% because

$$\frac{2.10}{2.00} = 1.05.$$

- If \$3.00 buys 10 oz. of ground beef today, but it buys only 8 oz. next year, then the **purchasing power** of a dollar has fallen 20% because

$$\frac{8}{10} = 0.80 = 1 - 0.20.$$

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- If an item costs \$10.00 today, what will it cost 3 years from now?

Year	Beginning cost	Price Increase	Ending Cost
1	\$10.00	3% of \$10.00 = 0.30	\$10.30

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- If an item costs \$10.00 today, what will it cost 3 years from now?

Year	Beginning cost	Price Increase	Ending Cost
1	\$10.00	3% of \$10.00 = 0.30	\$10.30
2	\$10.30	3% of \$10.30 = 0.31	\$10.61

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- If an item costs \$10.00 today, what will it cost 3 years from now?

Year	Beginning cost	Price Increase	Ending Cost
1	\$10.00	3% of \$10.00 = 0.30	\$10.30
2	\$10.30	3% of \$10.30 = 0.31	\$10.61
3	\$10.61	3% of \$10.61 = 0.32	\$10.93

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- If an item costs \$10.00 today, what will it cost 3 years from now?

Year	Beginning cost	Price Increase	Ending Cost
1	\$10.00	3% of \$10.00 = 0.30	\$10.30
2	\$10.30	3% of \$10.30 = 0.31	\$10.61
3	\$10.61	3% of \$10.61 = 0.32	\$10.93

- This calculation is exactly the same as the calculation for compound interest!

The Inflation Formula

- The formula for price increases is the same as the formula for compound interest.

$$\text{future price} = \text{past price} \times (1 + i)^t,$$

where i is the inflation rate and t is the number of years.

- That is,

$$F = P(1 + i)^t$$

where F is the future price and P is the past (or present) price.

Outline

- 1 Inflation
- 2 Increase in Prices**
- 3 Decrease in Purchasing Power
- 4 Assignment

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The price of a gallon of milk is \$4.00. If the inflation rate is 2%, then what is the (future) price of a gallon of milk one year later?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The price of a gallon of milk is \$4.00. If the inflation rate is 2%, then what is the (future) price of a gallon of milk one year later?
- Five years later?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The price of a gallon of milk is \$4.00. If the inflation rate is 2%, then what is the (future) price of a gallon of milk one year later?
- Five years later?
- The inflation rate in 1980 was 11.83%. If that rate had persisted, what would be the cost of a gallon of milk 10 years later?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The price of a gallon of milk is \$4.00. If the inflation rate is 2%, then what is the (future) price of a gallon of milk one year later?
- Five years later?
- The inflation rate in 1980 was 11.83%. If that rate had persisted, what would be the cost of a gallon of milk 10 years later?
- Today?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The price of a gallon of milk is \$4.00. If the inflation rate is 2%, then what is the (future) price of a gallon of milk one year later?
- Five years later?
- The inflation rate in 1980 was 11.83%. If that rate had persisted, what would be the cost of a gallon of milk 10 years later?
- Today?
- The inflation rate in 1917 was 19.66%. If that rate had persisted until now, what would be the cost of a gallon of milk?

Outline

- 1 Inflation
- 2 Increase in Prices
- 3 Decrease in Purchasing Power**
- 4 Assignment

Purchasing Power

- Suppose that 25 years ago a standard bag of groceries cost \$20 and that today the same bag of groceries costs \$50.
- Then the purchasing power of \$1.00 today (relative to a bag of groceries) compared to 25 years ago is

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{20}{50} &= 0.40 \\ &= 40\text{¢}.\end{aligned}$$

Purchasing Power

Definition (Purchasing Power of \$1.00)

The **purchasing power of \$1.00** today vs. a time in the past is the past price of that item divided the current price of that same item.

$$\text{Purchasing power of \$1.00} = \frac{\text{past price}}{\text{current price}}.$$

- That is,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Purchasing power of \$1.00} &= \frac{P}{P(1+i)^t} \\ &= \frac{1}{(1+i)^t} \\ &= (1+i)^{-t}.\end{aligned}$$

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- What will be the purchasing power of \$1.00 three years later?

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- What will be the purchasing power of \$1.00 three years later?
- 10 years later?

Example

Example (Inflation Example)

- Suppose the rate of inflation is 3%.
- What will be the purchasing power of \$1.00 three years later?
- 10 years later?
- In 10 years, \$10.00 will buy what \$7.44 buys now.

Example

Example (Inflation)

- Since 1968, the inflation rate has averaged 4.035%.
- Assuming a constant 4.035% per year, what was the current purchasing power of a “1999 dollar” in terms of the 1967 dollar?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- Since 1968, the inflation rate has averaged 4.035%.
- Assuming a constant 4.035% per year, what was the current purchasing power of a “1999 dollar” in terms of the 1967 dollar?
- What is the purchasing power of a “2018 dollar” in terms of the 1968 dollar?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The Fed aims to keep inflation at 2% per year.
- If they are successful, then what will be the purchasing power of a dollar 10 years from now, in terms of a 2018 dollar?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The Fed aims to keep inflation at 2% per year.
- If they are successful, then what will be the purchasing power of a dollar 10 years from now, in terms of a 2018 dollar?
- What will be the purchasing power of a dollar 50 years from now, in terms of a 2018 dollar?

Example

Example (Inflation)

- The Fed aims to keep inflation at 2% per year.
- If they are successful, then what will be the purchasing power of a dollar 10 years from now, in terms of a 2018 dollar?
- What will be the purchasing power of a dollar 50 years from now, in terms of a 2018 dollar?
- If the inflation rate is 3%, what will be the purchasing power of a dollar in 50 years?

Outline

- 1 Inflation
- 2 Increase in Prices
- 3 Decrease in Purchasing Power
- 4 Assignment**

Assignment

Assignment

- See handout.